

## U.G. 5th Semester Examination - 2020

### BOTANY

#### [HONOURS]

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)**

**Course Code : BOT-H-DSE-T-02**

**(Plant Breeding and Biometry)**

Full Marks : 40

Time : 2½ Hours

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

1. Answer any **five** of the following questions:  $2 \times 5 = 10$
- What is acclimatization?
  - What do you mean by plant introduction?
  - Give the full form of NBPGR.
  - Mention two demerits of MASS selection.
  - Cite two advantages of pure line selection in self pollinated crops.
  - Define emasculation.
  - Why sampling is essential?
  - Find the value of X from the following data where mean = 5.5  
1,2,3,4,X,6,7,8,9,10

2. Answer any **two** of the following questions:  $5 \times 2 = 10$
- Distinguish between Mass and Pure line selection on the basis of procedure and product. 5
  - Mention the role of allopolypoidy and aneuploidy in crop improvement. 5
  - Mention two uses of Arithmetic Mean. Find the Mean value of the following frequency distribution.

Class	10-30	30-50	50-70	70-90	90-110	110-130
Frequency	5	8	12	20	3	2

$2+3=5$

- d) Calculate the value of standard deviation from the data given below:

Class	48	50	52	54	56	58
Frequency	8	32	75	52	28	5

5

3. Answer any **two** of the following questions:
- $10 \times 2 = 20$
- Compare between dominance and over dominance hypothesis. How can you explain the manifestation of Heterosis? Mention two applications of Heterosis in plant breeding.  $2+6+2=10$
  - Mention the positive and negative role of mutation breeding in case of asexually propagated crops.

$6+4=10$

- c) What are the applications of  $\chi^2$  test? In a crop field all F1 plants were normal but on selfing 73 normal and 7 mutant plants were obtained in F2 segregating progeny. State the nature of inheritance of the mutant trait. ( Standard check: Chi square value =3.84 at 5% level for 1 DF)

$$4+6=10$$

- d) What is gene pool? Mention the factors affecting gene frequency. If in a human population, a sample of 100 individuals for MN blood group character shows 50 MM, 20 MN, 30 NN individuals, then calculate the frequency of M and N allele.

$$1+5+4=10$$

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