U.G. 4th Semester Examination - 2021

CHEMISTRY

[HONOURS]

Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)

Course Code: CHEM-H-SEC-T-2(A)&(B)

Full Marks: 20 Time: 1 Hour

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Answer all the questions from selected Option.

OPTION-A

CHEM-H-SEC-T-2A

(Pharmaceutical Chemistry)

- 1. Answer any **five** questions:
 - a) What are essential amino acids? Give example of an acidic and basic amino acid.
 - b) Write the biochemical name of Vit B₂ and its structure and uses
 - c) What is antipyretic agent? Give an example of it and its structure.
 - d) What is meant by drugs and pharmaceuticals? Give examples.

- e) What is antacid? Give an example of it and its mode of action in our body.
- Write fermentative production of penicillin in short.
- g) What do you mean by analgesic and antiinflammatory agents? Give examples.
- h) What is phenobarbitol? Write its structure and use.
- 2. Answer any **one** question:

 $5 \times 1 = 5$

- a) What is a therapeutic agent? What are sulfonamides? How it is helpful for health problems? Give examples. 1+1+2+1
- write down the method of synthesis of paracetamol and mention its uses. 4+1
- c) What is fermentation? Write the differences of aerobic and anaerobic fermentation with examples. 2+3
- 3. Answer any **one** question:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- a) What is vitamin? Write down the chemical name and sources of vitamin B_{12} . How it is synthesized? How it is important in human health? 1+2+6+1
- b) How aspirin is synthesized? What are their uses and disadvantages in human systems? 6+2+2

 $1\times5=5$

c) Write down the fermentative production of ethyl alcohol. What are its uses? What is absolute alcohol and rectified spirit? 6+1+3

OPTION-B

CHEM-H-SEC-T-2B

(Analytical Clinical Biochemistry)

1. Answer any **five** question:

- $1 \times 5 = 5$
- a) What is glycogenesis and glycogenolysis?
- b) What is triglyceride? Mention its biological importance.
- c) Write the names of structural components of DNA and RNA.
- d) What is glycolysis and Kreb's cycle?
- e) What is Diabetes Mellitus? Name two hormones which are important to regulate blood glucose level.
- f) What is a peptide bond? How it is formed?
- g) What is reducing sugar? Give an example of it and how it can be detected?
- h) How protein is classified on bases of structure?
- 2. Answer any **one** questions:

 $5 \times 1 = 5$

a) What is the composition of lipid membrane? What is liposome? How it is important?

2+2+1

- b) What are biocatalysts? Give examples. How temperature and pH of the medium affect reaction rates? 2+1+2
- with high creatinine and bilirubin levels of blood? What is anemia? 2+2+1
- 3. Answer any **one** question:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- How it is related to human health? How it is estimated? 2+2+6
- b) What are hormones? Give examples of two steroid hormones. Write the method of protein estimation in laboratory. What is WPN?

2+1+6+1

c) What is Soap? How saponification number of oil is determined? What is iodine number of an oil? 2+6+2